NINE DAYS LATER FROM CALIFORNIA

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER ILLINOIS. TWO MILLIONS OF GOLD.

THE ELECTIONS. TWO MORE FIRES. NEWS FROM THE MINES

GREAT DESTRUCTION

OF THE WHALING FLEET.

Marriages - Deaths - Markets - Passen-

The U. S. Mail steamer Illinois, Lieut. Hartstein, arrived at this port on Saturday morning from Chagres, with the San Francisco Mails of September 15, giving nine days later news from Califor-

The Illinois made the passage out in 8 days and 3 hours; the Brother Jonathan arrived next day in 9

On the return passage the Illinois made the pass age to Kingston from Chagres in 47 hours, from Kingston to New-York in 5 days and 17 hours, making the total passage home, via Kingston, in days and 16 hours running time, being much the quickest passage on record.

She brings 374 passengers, \$1,857,358 in dust on manifest and in bands of passengers, also the Cali-fornia mails of the 15th uit. The Brother Jonathan left Chagres with very few passengers, for San Juan, on the evening of the 9th.

Senator Gwin and lady come passengers in the Illinois.

The connection of the Panama Railroad to Gatun undoubtedly took place on Friday, Oct. 10, or Saturday. Oct., 11, as, at the time of the sailing of the Illinois, there remained only 400 feet to be filled in. and they were making that distance daily. The Engineers confidently expect to have the track laid gineers confidently expect to have the track lain and run the locomotive through to Gatun on Sun-day, the 12th inst. The absence of the usual amount of rain has enabled them to push the road through with dispatch. We understand that the whole of the force will now be put on the line above Gatun, in order to finish to Gorgona as soon as possible.

Among the passengers per Illinois are seven persons who have made at the mines \$100,000.

We are indebted to the Purser of the Illimois and Adams & Co.'s Express, for the prompt delivery

of our California files.
The following is the Illinois's specie list:
Adams & Co\$177,920 P. Anthony,
Thempson Hitchcock, 6.981 N. Reggio
Drew Robinson & Co. 400 000 A. Jacobs
Beebe & Co 219,300 Thes. Hunt
Vandyke & Trever 50,000 John Bertram
Comman & White- Jones & Wise
house 50.000 Hamsay Crooks
Willia & Co. 48,000 S Scheiffer & Bro
Howland & Aspinwall 32,000 Willets & Co
Brown Bros & Co. 20,000 G. W. Ashby
M. O. Roberts 20,000 H. & H. Freeman &
G. Leberman & Co 16,192 Co
Wm. Hoge, & Co 14,752 G. B. Upton
Chambers & Heiser 13.800 Dennis Perkins & Co.
Amos R. Eno 10,000 Glidden & Williams
Henry Dwight, ir 16,000 P. Navlor
Howard, Son & Co 10,000 H. Arosson
C. W. & A. Thomas 10,000 H. Josephi & Co
C. R. Morrison 7,916 J. Meyer
Spofford, Tileston & J. Brunner 2
Co 7,200 M Silverman 2
8. Kaufman 7,000 Stokes, Gilbert & Co. 2
J. W. Smith & Co 6,884 Sampson Tappan 1
A. H. Lisack & Co. 6,259 John R. Rue 1
W. F. Burgess 1,500 Thos. Nelson
Louis Neglaur 1,100 E. Zachrisson & Co
TO ORDER.
B. R. B. & Co 7,501 A. Z 3
8, & 8 4,000 T., in diamond 2
W. & S 3,156
Total\$1,557
Among passengers
Grand Total
Grand Lords.

The following is the passenger list per steamer Senator Gwin, Iady E. P. Wyckoff,
and servant,
Mrs. Grenough,
Mrs. Schenck,
Mr. E. Jones,
A. P. Crittenden,
J. M. Freeman,
J. M. Freeman,
W. W. Widhams,
M. M. Perkins and
Grents,
M. Prickins and
Grents, S. S. Bailes, Campbell S. Hester, S. Layard, E. L. Lathrop, M. H. Daiton, Capt. W. Wmn, Capt. W. Wmn, S. Day, J. De Labergue, Mrs. Schwartz and Chapin, Mail A. Mr. Ferkins and J. Smith.

Frents.

R. W. Benfield, J. McCollum, E. W. Beurne,
G. W. Anderson and A. Hart.

W. Weeks, W. Weeks,
M. K. Childreth, Dr. Lenf,
C. M. K. Paulison, Win Boothk lady, Win Smith,
R. E. Dunlap, W. Kennedy, C. J. Foster,
W. A. Smoons, J. Cushing,
S. D. Babcock, B. J. Catlin & lady, J. Edgecomb,
J. Lester, Mrs. Abbott, G. Jenkins,
Z. L. Smith, J. E. Miller, H. O. Beardsley,
A. McCollum, O. H. Carpenter, J. Clark,
B. Mills, G. Emory, J. A. Verhagah,
M. L. Hawley, Dr. H. L. Hall,
M. Martin, Capt. Cook, Win Conenlly,
R. Martin, Capt. Cook, Win Conenlly,
P. Reane, P. H. Monaban, G. Osborne,
J. Ryan, lady and D. W. Crawford, O. McCarty,
2 children, G. Whittakor, H. S. McCall,
E. Jarvis, Win McDonald, J. C. Tallman,
In cabin, from Chargres to New-York. 29

Total. 239

Total. J. Broadbelt.
R. Awelch, Jr.
J. Tiffet.
H. McDowell.
John Jones—15 J. R. John, J. Thompson, H. McDowell, J. Johnson, James Allen, John Jones—15.

Lt. Bancroft, Mrs. Capt. Murray, Mrs. Henraques, Mr. Lazarus, lady 2 children and & 2 children, servants, 2 Misses Lazarus, Mrs. — Total. 17.

Whole number of passengers, 374.

Elections.

The San Francisco Herald says: In this county the Whigs have obtained an average majority of 695 for State officers. For county officers the honors are about equally divided. The returns from several of the frontier counties have not yet been received, and there is still doubt as to the result for Governor. The vote is very close, both parties claim the victory, and the official returns can alone decide the question. The remainder of the Democratic State ticket, including Messrs. E. C. Marshall and McCorkle, for Congress, are elected. The Legislature will be Democratic in both branches, and will no doubt elect a Democratic in both branches, and will no doubt elect a Democratic in the United States Senate immediately after organizing. The vote throughout the State is small.

The Courier says: We consider that Reading's chances are two to one over Bigler's. The actual returns put Reading shead of Bigler 1,683. The counties to hear from are Shasta. Trinity, Klamath and San Diego. Can these counties overcome Reading's present majority! We think not.

The Alta California says. By the table which we publish in another column, the vote for Reading is 12,641, for Bigler, 13,100, giving Reading thus far a majority of 441. These returns are correct as far as the figures go, though very imperfect—in some of the counties a number of precincts remaining to be heard from. Placer County is conceded to have given 500 majority for Bigler, and Butte 300. Shasta will probably give two or three hundred more, which will place Bigler's majority at over 500. Enless the The San Francisco Herald says: In

will probably give two or three hundred more, which will place Bigler's majority at over 500. Unless the returns come in strong for Reading, both north and south, Bigler is elected.

State of the Country.

Prom the San Francisco Herald.
Crime has most sensibly diminished throughout the State, and no execution has taken place, either here or in the interior, since the sailing of the last steamer. The Indians in the Southern part of the State are quiet, those in the North, in Trinidad and Klamath Counties, are becoming some-

Trinidad and Klamath Counties, are becoming somewhat troublesome.

The gold diggings continue to yield rich returns to the labors of the miners. The auriforous quartz veins are being extensively worked, and generally with great success. The amount shipped by the steamer Panama, which leaves to day, \$1,700,000, exhibits no talling off in the production of gold in our State. In the dry diggings, miners are only wating for the rainy season, to take out large amounts of gold.

San Francisco has recovered from the two great confiagrations of May and June, and has been rebuilt in far better style than before. Numerous fireproof brick and stone buildings have been erected, and many others have been commenced. Altogether, the condition of agains in our State is highly satisfactory.

satisfactory.

Division of the State.

We find that this subject is becoming one of absorbing interest to the people of the southern part of California. In fact, the elections in all the counties south of us have turned upon this question. There are now three journals regularly advocating n—The Visiter, at San José, The San Diego Heraid, and The Los Angeles Star. The southern address proposes the call of a convention to take place at Santa Barbara on the third Monday of October.

The district of country proposed by the agrocates of a division of the State, to be erected for the present into a territory, is as follows: San Francisco, Contra Costa, Santa Ciara, San Joaquin, Calaveras, Tuolumne, Mariposa, Santa Cruz, Monterey, Santa Barbara, San Luis Obispo, Los Angeles, and San Diego. To make this convention amount to any thing, it will require delegates to be sent from San Francisco and the San Joaquin district. (Courier.

Another Destructive Fire in Marysville.

Another Destructive Fire in Marysville.

From the Marysville Herald, Sept. 19.

This morning, at about 1 o'clock, our city was visited by another destructive fire. After a lapse of only nine days, since the last fire, we were again roused at that terrible cry. The flames were first seen rising from the rear part of the store of Mitchell & Nunes, on the sooth side of First, near, and west of D street. This is a wholesale liquor store, and from the inflammatory character of its contents, was quickly destroyed, and rapidly communicated the flames to the adjoining buildings.

In the course of not more than half-an-hour all the

nuckly destroyed, and rapinly communicate. The larges to the adjoining buildings. In the course of not more than half-an-hour all the louses included in the following limits were utterly consumed: All the houses on the south side of First-1, from D st. to the alley dividing the block between st from D-st to the alley dividing the block between D and C-sts, the houses on the alley, from First st to the Levee, except the corner house and the one adjoining the houses fronting the Levee from the alley to D-st, all the houses on D-st from the Levee to First-st—the whole square, with the exception of the above two buildings, being totally leveled to the ground. There were in all about 25 buildings burned. Scarcely any of the goods in the burnt district were saved in fact, several persons escaped from their beds without even sufficient time to dress, and made their appearance in the street with no other clothing than a shirt.

Various reports are in circulation regarding the

made their appearance in the street with no other clothing than a shirt.

Various reports are in circulation regarding the origin of the fire. One is, that a train, composed of safety fuse and powder, was laid from the rear of the store where the fire was first discovered, down toward the bank of the river. It is certain that the occupants of that store had not fire of any sort burning there during the day and evening. The fire is, in all probability, the work of an incendiary.

A hook and ladder company might have performed essential service. Will not our citizens form one at once! Our young city seems to be doomed. Something must be dome, and that speedily. Fortunately, there was very little wind, but it was with great difficulty that the houses on the north side of Firstst, and on the east side of the alley, were saved.

The water carts of Clark & Chapman were put in requisition by those gentlemen, the latter of whom, although the has been on a sick bed for a week, was in attendance, working unceasingly. They did much good.

The following is a list of losses, as far as we could

The following is a list of losses, as far as we could get them at the moment:
Friedman & Co., about \$6,000 Sommerly, meat market 1,000 Mitchell & Nunes. 8,000 Sommerly, meat market 1,000 Mitchell & Nunes. 8,000 J & C. Levy & Co. 10,000 do. Joseph & Co., bending 1,800 Wolf & Co. 3,300 do. stock 5,000 Mitchell & Figle 4,000 Schwah & Schmoll. 15,000 Mit Goodman 5,000 The Marysville Heraid states that business proceeds briskly, notwithstanding the fires. The Plaza is filled as usual with mules, waiting to be packed for the mines. Frames are going up, even before the ground is fairly cooled. At early noon on Wednesday, tents were erected and merchandise exhibited for sale, and there were buyers also. so we go, this is a fast country, and Marysville a faster city.

Destructive Fire at Spanishtown,

A very serious fire occurred in Spanishtown.

A very serious fire occurred in Spanishtown or Ysella, on the Calaveras river, during the night of the 6th uit, by which about one hundred and fifty houses and tents were destroyed, with the greater portion of their contents. The loss is estimated at \$250,000, which, in a town of the character of Ysella, is very serious.

The fire was first discovered in the American Hotel and the flames spread with such rapidity that the building and its contents were soon destroyed, while the fire was communicated to the adjoining buildings. The feeble aid which could be afforded by the citizens was of little avail, the material of which the

ings. The feeble aid which could be afforded by the citizens was of little avail, the material of which the buildings were constructed being of so highly combustible a character. Several established firms were burned out, and among them Lovelace & Williams, loss \$15,000. Purcell, Johnson & Co., \$25,000. Johnson, Eber & Co., \$30,000.

The fire was supposed to be the work of an in-

cendiary.

The miners on the Calaveras are realizing a fair return for their labors. But little rain has as yet fallen, although there have been a few showers.

Mining News.

The news from all the mining regions is of the most encouraging character, as regards the amount of gold which will be taken out. The dry diggings will be most successfully worked during the Winter, and the rain will be likely to present

the Winter, and the rain will be likely to present little obstacle to working the quartz mines.

Many companies are preparing to work quartz mines with improved machinery, and we shall expect to hear of a heavy yield from those mines. Suppose are being rapidly sent forward, and there seems to be no well founded reason to suppose that less work will be done through the Winter than the last Summer.

work will be done through the Winter than the last Summer.

We condense the following intelligence from the San Joaquin papers:

From Moquelumne Hill there is the most cheering intelligence. The miners have discovered gold in spots where they never before dreamed of looking for it, and it would appear from the accounts, that there is not an aere of ground in that region where the soil is not strongly impregnated with the precious metal. Fandangoes are in the ascendant, music is heard at night in almost every house, and the places for public amusement are daily throughly by crowds.

The accounts from the bars on the Tuolumne and the Mariposa mines are quite as gratifying. Business is brisk, and rich mineral developments are daily made.

The black sand that is found in the beds of some of the rivers, in immense quantities, is beginning to attract attention. The gold, however, is interspersed in exceedingly minute particles, and it is found to be in exceedingly minute particles, and it is found to be impossible to separate it from the sand. When the discovery of the agent which can separate the gold from the sand is made, a field for labor will be opened of immense magnitude. Samples have been sent to eminent American and European chemists for the purpose of experiment; and we doubt not that some extremely simple means will be invested, adapted to the end required.

extremely simple means will be invested, adapted to the end required.

The Sonora Herald says: We are just from the scene of operations of the Fort Washington Company on Wood's Creek, about one mile above. Sonora. They have been working in this same place for about a year, having originally purchased the claim for three hundred dollars. During a portion of the time they have been engaged in the laborious work of digging a long ditch, nearly two hundred yards long by from twelve to twenty-five feet deep. Their luck has been variable, but on the whole very good. Sometimes for two months or more they did well for every day, then again for a few weeks the tide seemed to turn. We saw one of the large lumps taken out by them, weighing six pounds, ten three-fourths ounces.

Many smaller pieces were also exhibited, one weighing one hundred and fourteen dollars, another sixty-four dollars, another fifty-five. Several of the largest specimens had been deposited at Reynolds & Co.'s office, and we did not see them. A short time ago, it was estimated that the Company had taken out fifteen hundred dollars during the preceding seven weeks. Four shares in the Company have recently been sold for six hundred dollars and. The names

weeks. Four shares in the Company have recently been sold for six hundred dollars each. The names of the present members are David D. Davis, Hamit-ton Elison, Albert Grant, J. W. Mandeville, Geo. W. Roberts, John Scriver, Bernard Laurex, John H.

Milligan.

The Stockton Journal says: All the accounts we The Stockton Journal says: All the accounts we have from the southern placers agree in representing them as being equally productive now as at any time during the past year. The rain has somewhat elated the prospects of the placer diggers, at the same time that it has in a measure stopped the progress of a number of quartz improvements. A gentleman a day or two since authorized his agent to sell six shares in a splendid quartz vern, which promises rich, because wages would increase beyond his ability to pay when the whole extent of the ravine diggings is thrown open to individual enterprise and labor.

Every person can make a handsome profit on his own labor, when water is generally diffused through the mines, and consequently help increases in worth from its scarcity. Every American naturally desires from its scarcity. Every American naturally desires to work on his own hook to exemplify his independence, and when the chances are equal, ninety out of every hundred will prefer it. Thus capitalists are forced to pay heavier prices for hands, and in some cases can hardly get them for any sum. Mexicans and Chiloans do the burden of the work in the southern placers, and it is likely they will continue to do." to do it.

The following article on the prospects of the miners

to do it.

The following article on the prospects of the miners or laborers in the Sacramento placers is from The Sacramento Union of the 9th. The editor appears to indulge in some unnecessarily gloomy forebodings. If the rainy season, which at present bids fair to set in unusually early, comes soon upon us, it will prove as disastrous te mining operations in the rivers, as it will cheer the heart of the digger in the ravines, who has been tolling for months in heaping up earth from which to glean that which will recompense him for his summer's labor. There is no doubt, however, that an early rainy season is far more injurious to the interests of the miner, who is at work in the river's bed, than it is possible for any person unacquainted with mining operations to conceive of.

The dams, with the minied materials at command, and the unskillfulness of the miner, who is not usually either a builder or mason, are constructed in a frail and insecure manner, and are hable to be overthrown by any little freshet in the stream. It is not then to be wondered at that at the first cloud which obscures the sun, the miner turns an anxious eye to windward to note any change in the weather, however slight, knowing full well that if the floods descend upon his works, he is irretrievably ruined. These views are suggested to us, at this time, in consequence of the severe showers which fell here during two or three nights last week. In the montains the rains were more severe, so much so that the triputaries of the Sacramento were swollen over

sterms commence as early as they did last year, immense losses must ensue. In truth, we can have no conception of the tremendous destruction of property which would follow upon any immediate and considerable rise in the streams above us. The millions of treasure now lying in the bed of the rivers, easily accessible to the miner, would be immediately placed beyond their reach for the remainder of the season, and the great expense and labor to which they had been subjected would avail nothing.

However, we trust that the season will prove propitious, and that, before the rains commence for the season, the most sanguine anticipations of the disgers in the streams may be fully realized. If the wet season does not set in before the 1st of November, nearly all the claims in the bed of the river will be thoroughly gleaned of their treasure, and then the harvest of the miners who labor in the ravines will commence, to continue until the dry season again drives them to the rivers; or, if fortune smiles upon them, to their former homes in the East.

Mining Works at Auburn.—Some of the company organizations in the Placer appear to epjoy a greater degree of prosperity at the present time, notwithstanding the unfavorableness of the season, and the many untoward circumstances that hinder company schemes, than they have done at any period since last Winter. The following notice of the worse and prospects of the company engaged on the Bear River and Auburn Canai is taken from Tac Sacramento Union of Thursday.

The company which was organized the last Summer for the purpose of diverting the water of Bear River at a point near Hilmoistown, andthrowing the stream into Auburn, are successfully prosecuing their labors. We hear that upwards of 500 men are employed in the construction of this work, which will be completed in the course of six weeks. The incalculable advantages to be derived from a copious supply of water in this flourishing mining town, are apparent to those who are familiar with the richness of the mineralogical dep

A correspondent, writing us from Park's Bar, on the A correspondent, writing as from the mining companies doing well, the Canal Company in particular had averaged 35 lbs. of dust per day the week before. The Ohio and Squad Companies were also doing well. The Park's Bay Company will not be able to do much until another year. At Long Bar, Parton's do much until another year. At long but, and Bar, Rose's Bar, &c., miners were all doing well. The Banks were good, paying from \$5 to \$40 per day. There is much excitement now in that section respecting a rich quartz vein on Dry Creek, from which have been taken many fine specimens of quartz. I have not had time to visit the vein.

[Nevada Journal.]

Matters in the South.

Matters in the South.

From The Alta California.

At present there is a perfect stagnation of trade in the southern coast district, from Monterey down, particularly at Los Angelos and San Diego, where a brisk business was carried on a year since. The many robberies and miriderous attacks made upon travelers by bands of marauders within the last six months, has so terrified all the returning Sonorians and Mexicans, that instead of journeying by land, as heretofore, with the proceeds of their labors in the mines, and purchasing goods at Los Angelos, they have returned home by sea from this port. The decrease in the land immigration by the Gila route, has also exercised a marked effect upon business. This latter cause has also operated very much to the disadvantage of San Diego, where there is now iterally nothing doing.

the disadvantage of San Diego, where there is now iterally nothing doing.

At the Mission of Carmel, near Monterey, and in that vicinity, considerable attention has been paid to agriculture during the present season, and the crops are highly promising. The fruit crop in Los Angelos this season is very abundant, the peach and pear orchards being completely overburdened by the immense loads of fruit with which their branches are covered. The vice of a load of the covered and the covered and the covered are extremely profile, and will The vineyards also are extremely prolific, and will yield a handsome revenue to their owners by the sale of fresh fruit and in wine. There is a fine field for of fresh fruit and in wine.

the agriculturist in that section of the country, as land is to be had on the most reasonable terms, improved or unimproved. Notwithstanding the revenue from or unimproved. Notwithstanding the revenue from the cultivated estates is so great and almost certain, several gentlemen who have already accumulated handsome fortunes are ready to dispose of their

The very extensive property of Mr. Wolfskill, one of the best establishments in the Puebla, in the most perfect order, has been offered for the sum of \$25,000, as we are informed. The yearly revenue from the products can scarcely be less than \$10,000 per annum under proper management. The lands at the Mission, about seven miles from the Puebla, once extensively cultivated under the superintendance of the press, are now again tikely to produce bountifully. are now again likely to produce bount priests, are now again tikely to produce bountifully. Several enterprising Americans have already located claims upon them, with the intention of bringing them under a high state of cultivation, and they will

them under a high state of cultivation, and they will soon teem with the almost spontaneous productions of the fruitful soil.

The Mormons are making strenuous exertions to effect a purchase of the Lugo rancho, a very extensive property to the southward of the Puebla, with the intention of establishing a permanent settlement. The terms are already agreed upon, and the agent of the Mormon party is at present in this section of the country, endeavoring to procure the means yet requisite to make the first instalment. Should this settlement be effected, the Puebla will be decidedly benefited, and there appears to be little or no oppotiement be effected, the Puebla will be decidedly benefited, and there appears to be little or no opposition on the part of its citizens to the project. These people have also purchased about one hundred lots in San Diego, but as yet have made no improvements. Property at the present time is of very little value, and is almost swallowed up by the taxes accruing upon it. Owners, however, are holding on in anticipation of better times. The establishment of New-Town, at the head of the bay, was certainly a most disastrous speculation, an immense amount of money having been sunk in the operation. A portion of the U.S. Infantry are now stationed at New-Town, another at the Plaza, or Embarcadero, and the Artillery, under Col. John B. Magruder, at the Mission of San Diego.

The Indian Commission.

Dr. O. M. Wozencraft returned to this Dr. O. M. Wozencraft returned to this city on the night of the loth inst., from his tour in the Indian district. He will remain in this city a few cays, and then repair to an appointed spot on the Cosumnes River, in El Dorado County, and also to Lawsen's ranch on the Sacramento, for the purpose of treating with deputations of the hostile tribes in that region, who have created so much trouble, and who were the cause of the State troops being called into requisition. They have all agreed to meet the Commissioner and enter into a compact to become good and peaceable citizens, locating themselves upon the reservation which the Commissioner may allot them.

With the exception of these tribes, all the Indians south of Pit River have agreed to the terms proposed by Dr. Wozencraft, as we are informed by that gentleman, and he has every confidence that they will adhere to the stipulations, and if not molested, give no further trouble to the whites. Dr. W. thinks that before the expiration of the year, there will be as many as 80,000 Indians upon the reservations already made, a large number having already commenced their occupation.

With a party of dragoons the Commissioner pene-

made, a large number having already commenced their occupation.

With a party of dragoons the Commissioner penetrated the country north of the Pitt River, accompanied by a number of friendly Indians, but the savages of that district fied at their approach like antelopes. He then returned and camped on a small creek emptying into Pitt River, and sussequently, with Lieut Wright, who accompanied the expedition as a volunteer, and a small party of men, made a rapid march up the creek, and came upon a large party of Indians. A few shots were fired and the indians fied. Lieut. W. was hit with an arrow, but very slightly injured. Four Indians were taken prisoners and conveyed to camp, but they subsequently escaped.

The first reservation made by Dr. Wozencraftcomprises about twenty-five square miles. The bound-

The first reservation made by Dr. Wozencraftcomprises about twenty-five square miles. The boundary line runs east from the Sucramento River, north of Reading's, for 25 miles, thence north to the Hut river, and is bounded on the north by that stream. The second reservation is on Feather River, and consists of a norrow strip of land about six miles broad by twenty in length, upon which there are now the representatives of twenty-two different tribes.

The third reservation is on the Sacramento River, to the north of Sutter's claim, extending back about three miles, and up the river fifteen miles. This will probably be occupied by from 2,500 to 2,000 Indians from the coast range, and all in the Sacramento valley, from Stone Creek to Feather River, and from the mouth of the same to the mouth of the Yuba.

The foorth reservation comprises a tract of land twelve miles square, between the Bear and Yuba Rivers, set aside some time since, upon which it anticipated there will be between 6,000 or 7,000 Indians.

Dr. W is coute confident that the accuration of

Dr. W. is quite confident that the accusation of

reserving lands, rich in mineral and agricultural wealth, cannot be made with reference to these re-servations, although they are susceptible of producing sufficient to meet the wants of the indians by such cultivation as they choose to bestow upon them. Attack by Indians.

nifes. Capt. W. escaped without injury by retreating to his party.

At the City Rocks, near the junction of the Fort At the City Rocks, near the junction of the Fort Hail and Salt Lake roads, fourteen packers from Wisconsin were attacked on the 3d August, by another party of Indians. One of the packers was killed, three mortally wounded, and four taken. Capt. W. on his return from Great Salt Lake with the mail, crossed the scene of conflict three days later, where he found the dead body.

On the 10th, two of the party (numbering ten in all) were cut off between the Wells and the Humboldt by a party of six or eight Indians. They re-

On the lith, two of the party (numbering ten in all) were cut of between the Wells and the Humboidt by a party of six or eight Indians. They retreated to a company in the rear, who came up and encountered the Indians, killing one.

No further annovance was experienced until they got seventy miles down the Humboidt, when, on the 19th, they were attacked about surnise by a party of Indians, who attempted to stampede the stock, but being unsuccessful, they secreted themselves in the willows and commenced a brisk fire. Mr. Milligate was wounded slightly on the left breast by a rife ball. A mule was also shot in the leg. The party then hitched up under the fire of the Indians, and moved down the road fighting their way. The Indians went off the road, and ascended the mountain over which the road passes; on its top a sharp engagement took place, in which two Indians were killed and two severely wounded. None of the whites were injured. A fine mare belonging to Mr. Wood was killed.

On the 15th August Mr. Woodwards, not the second of the whites were injured.

whites were injured. A fine mare belonging to Mr. Wood was killed.

On the 15th August Mr. Woodward's party met Mr. Henderson, the mail carrier of the 1st August, who the day previous had been attacked by a small party of Indians, and narrowly escaped a shot which passed through his shirt above the elbow. A mule was slightly wounded. Capt. Woodward was compelled to bring back the mail to Carson River, before he could get a party sufficient to carry it through.

The next difficulty took place this side of the Twenty-six mile Desert, on the Carson, where another party of Indians attempted to stampede the stock, in which they failed.

At the station house in Carson Valley, word was brought in that the Indians were running off stock, and one indian was brought into prison. Seven others were discovered concealed in the willows. Four were decoyed out. During the parley between the Indians and the whites, one Indian was shot dead, and one of the whites wounded in the leg by an arrow. The remainder escaped, The Indian prisoner was released next morning.

[Sac, Union.

Result of the Duel at Benicla.

Messrs. Graham and Lemon it is known went up to Bennicia, Saturday afternoon, for the purpose of fighting a duel. The encounter took place about two miles from the U.S. Barracks. They fought at ten paces with revolvers. Both fired five times without effect. The pistols were again loaded. Mr. Lemon fired two more barrels, making seven in all, without injuring his opponent. Mr. Graham's sixth barrel failed, but the seventh shot took effect in Mr. Lemon's shoulder, the ball entering just behind the shoulder-blade and penetrating inward, producing a painful but not serious wound. Both parties and their friends came down last night on the West Point.

Two Fatal Encounters

A rencontre took place yesterday morning at an early hour, about half a mile above Ford's Bar, on the Middle Fork of the American River, between on the Middle Fork of the American River, between two men by the names of Gumfus and potswood, which resulted in the death of the latter. It appears that they have been partners, and it is thought that the difficulty arose from some misunderstanding in the settlement of their business. Spotswood was cut in the left side by his antagonist, with a bowie-knife, and expired in a few minutes. Our informant says that much excitement prevailed, and it was thought

that much excitement prevailed, and it was thought that the murderer would be executed immediately by the miners.

Another unfortunate affair took place at New-York Bar, near Murderer's Bar, on Friday last, between Jack Smith and Eli Nail, which resulted in the death of the latter. Smith struck Nail on the back part of the head with a stone, who died from the effects of the blow about noon the following day. Smith succeeded in making his escape, but was pursued by an officer, and it is expected he will be hung if arrested.

El Dorado News.

From Trinidad.

The steamer Chesapeake arrived on Saturday evening from Trinidad. On account of her coal proving bad she was not able to reach the mouth of the Umpqua. She stopped at Trinidad and Humboldt Bay, and from thence proceeded to Gold Bluff, but the surf was so hash that a landing could not be effected. In attempting to return to Trinidad, she lost one anchor off the month of Mad River, and the weather becoming still more severe, she was finally compelled to make for this port, bringing with her many passengers destined for other places. We are informed that the gale was so heavy that they were obliged to burn all the spare spars and much other movable property on board, in order to raise sufficient steam with which to get into this habor.

The Indians in all the northern country are reputed to be very troublesome. They murder every individual they come in contact with.

[California Courier, Sept. 15.]

At Santa Barbara, on the 1st September, at the residence of Don Louis Button, Ramona Olivera, daughter of J. F. Sparks, to Capt. Trussel, all of that place.
In Sacramento City, Sept. 4, by Rev. Mr. Briggs, Mr. J. H. Smith, to Miss C. V. Mara, both of that city. In San Francisco, Sept. 4, by Rev. Albert Wilhams, Mr. J. L. Haskell, of New-York, to Miss Eliza Ashton, of New-Orleans.

J. L. Haskell, of New-York, to Miss Eliza Ashton, of New-Orleans.

At Honolniu, July 24, by Rev. T. E. Taylor, in the Chap-lam's Study, Mr. David C. Hislsey, to Miss Ellen Daly. In San Francisco, Sept. 11, by Rev. Wm. Taylor, at his residence, on Folsom-st., Mr James Christy, to Miss Eliza-beth Hipoles, formerly of Philadelpha.

In Santa Clara, Sept. 7, by Rev. J. Morris, Mr. B. F. Clark, to Miss Jame Howie, both of San Francisco County. In San Jose, on Saturday evening, Sept. 8, by David Bames, Jose Maria Cordero, to Dotores Josefer, both of that city.

Died.

In San Francisco, Sept 5, of crysipelas in the head, Mr. Barnet Kasner, of the firm of Lacaru, Kasner & Ramus, and 35 years, a native of England.

In Honolulu, July 12, of consumption, Robert S. Hughes, from Fayette, Missouri. Mr. H. came here from the const, with the seeds of death upon him. He lived sust five weeks after his arrival, and has left a large and respected order of friends to mourn his loss.
On board bark Edwd, Cohn, Sept. 6, Jin. Lewis, native of Pens, Sweden, aged 27 years.

Also, on board same vessel, Wim. Jones, of New-Yerk, aged 31 years, both of scurvy.
On Tuesdar, Sept. 9, at his residence in Stockton st., George Bilton, formerly a merchant of the City of Landon, and for several years one of the principal merchants of Hostritowin.

Reuten Rynders, aged about 40 years, farmerly of New-Orleans.

In Kainaim, Kena, Hawan, July 23, Mr. Francis John-son, aged 76. The deceased was a native of Richmond, Va. and for 23 years had been a resident of the islands. At Rough and Rendy, on the 20th Aug., of typhoul fewer, Mr. Almon B. Dole, formerly of Bangor, Maine, aged 23

Search Dearths in San Francisco-Sept. 1, Mrs. Sarah Blackman. Sayony, 26 years. Charles Long, Jr., San Francisco, 1

Satony, 26 years. Charles Long, Jr., San Francisco, a month.
Sept. 2, Mrs. Sarah Land. New-Zealand, 22 years. Isaac Landerer, Switzerland, 26 years. Mrs. Elizabeth Gerash, New-York City, 32 years. F. I. Janson, Germany, 33 years. Sept. 4, Frankin Brown, Illinois, 31 years. Sept. 5, Joseph Meily, 29 years. Wm. Smith, New-York, 23 years. Shadrach Lawrence, Mass., 20 years. W. Jones, New-York, 25 years. Reuben Renders, New-York, 45 yrs. Sept. 10, Mrs. Bridget L. Gill, Sydney, 10 years. John A. Morrell, Mass., 23 years.
Sept. 11, Charles Wilson, New-York, 25 years. John Archibadd, England, 29 years. John H. Hazzard, New-Jersey, 22 years.
Sept. 13, James Pinser, England, 23 years. John Noel, Sept. 13, James Pinser, England, 23 years.

Jersey, 32 years.
Sept. 11, James Plaser, England, 22 years. John Noel,
Tennessee, 37 years.

Review of the Market.

romoted.

BREADSTEFFS-Since our last, it has become so evident

FRUTE AND PRESENT SHOP IN THE PROOF OF THE P thes will be saved here.

Harnware-It is only a few articles that are scarce, and those are but known to the trade. Ares are very dull and the scarce.

than a year to clear the market. Shippers should take into consideration that the mining datricts are filted with game, and the restaurants of California are cenerally kept by persons from France, who use but little Pork in their arrange-

ments.

PAINTS—Rather dull, except by retail.

PAINTS—Rather dull, except by retail.

STATIONERY—No profit can possibly arise by miscellances shipments in this line.

Tenas co—The market is well sampled, and any excess of revents will cause a material decline.

Thus—The market keeps stemey, with a very limited demand.

Wikes-All common wines are low, and fine sell but

NAMEN'S WAGES keep up, and cause considerable diffi-culty to outward-hound vessels.

LABOR meets with its due re-ward in all branches.

LABOR meets with its due re-ward in all branches.

STOCKS—State 3 % cents, 135, were warrants, 39; State
unfundable warrants, 47, is adable 49, State 1 pr. Bonds,
916.58; Cuty 10 pr. Bonds, 39; County Serup, 25 to 37.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES—Clean Gold Dust, \$17 % oz.;
Bills on London, 45 to 64; % dollar for sight to 60 days;
bills on Valuaranso vary from 3 to 5 % cent. disc. Bills on
the Atlantic States are from at 2 % cent or sight to 68. Money is moderately plenty for all commercial purposes at 410
5 % cent. \$ month.

A good many clause are unade on vessels arriving at this

even to quartz mining, and compared as well with the saxie or consistency of course cannot be made with the saxie precision on any of the interests of California that they can be in old countries. We are, of course, constantly in a transition state. We have been, and are still, overstocked with many kinds of goods, and we shall be in a much better state as seen as the markets are relieved and business is done in its legitimate channels.

PACIFIC SHIP NEWS.

Port of San Francisco-Arrived: pt. 6—Bark Orecon, Davis, Chatham Isles. ark Lalia Rockh, (Br.) Hains, 235 days fm. London, via

Fark Linit steet, 118 days.
Sept. 7-P. M. S. Co.'s steamer Northerner, Randall, fm
Panama, 22 days.
Steamer Ohio, Haley, 4 ds. fm. San Diego.
Ship Prescott, McKenny, 60 days from Panama, 32 pas-

Ship Prescott, McKenny, or days from Panama, 32 pasengers.
Sept. 3.—Norwegian bark American Packet, Lous, 196 ds.
In. London, via Falkland Islee 33 ds., 35 passengers.
Bark Edward Cohn, Ripley, 21 ds. in. N. York,
Mex. brig Cornelia, Santosbustos, 36 ds. fm. Mazatlan.
Haw sohr, Curlew, Griffin, 43 ds. fm. Onlin; 3 pass.
Hamb, schr Flora, Geddard, 63 ds. fm. Callao.
Sept. 3.—Brig Col. Fremont, 12 ds. fm. San Pedro.
Brig Emma Preston, Van Swe, 5 ds. fm. Oregon
Sept. 4.—Bark Josephine, Wheeler, 40 ds. fm. Mazatlan.
Brig Remdert, Law, 38 ds. fm. Hawait.
Brig Rendert, Law, 38 ds. fm. Hawait.
Brig Sarah Abigail, Faulkenburg, 12 ds. fm. Puget's
cond.

Brig Eugenia, (Genoese) Larague, 204 ds. fm. Genon via

Valpara so, 63 days Schr. Gazelle, Stoddard, 23 days from Kami. Schr. Julius Fringle, Buchanan, 44 days from Huahine. Schr. Mount Vernon, Harris, from a fishing cruise. Schr. Empire. (Haw) Littlefield, 21 days from Oahu 30, Schr. Ampure, (naw) Letterstein Assengers.
Sept. 10—H B. M. corvette Daphne, Capt. Fanshaw, 7 ays from Vectoria Harber, Vancouver's Island.
Brig Frince de Jouwille. Abeed, 36 hours from Humboldt.
Brig Emily Bourne, Wood, 36 hours from Santa Croz.
Schr. Matthew Vassar, Jones, 4 days from Astoria.
Schr. Queen of the West, Baker, 5 days from Santa Bar-

Schr. Favorite, Brown, 30 hours from Santa Cruz. Sept. 11—No arrivals this day. Sept. 12—Ship Alevon. (Fr.) Delhomme, 160 days from

Berdeau; Brig Louis et Marie, (Fr.) Wetzel, 273 days from Bordeaur, via Montevidee and Callao, 65 days. Cleared.

Cleared.

Aug. 36—Ship Thos. Dickinson, Cooley, New-York.
Sept. 1—Schr. E. A. Shicer, Johnson, Sacramento City.
Sept. 2—Ship Arceie, Jennags, Calentta.
Ship Aona, (Fr.) Barbel, Cafentta.
Schr. Porwona, Clayton, Sacramento City.
Serk. Albatros, (Norw.), Kiser, Hong-Kong.
Sleop Vugona, Kall, Stockton.
Sept. 3—Bark Ellen A. Parsons, Fay. Boston.
Sept. 4—Bark Fame, (Br.) Orkney, Callao.
Sept. 4—Bark Fame, (Br.) Orkney, Callao.
Sept. 4—Steamer Pacife, Balley, San Juan del Sud.; 206
pass and \$60,000 gold dust.
Schr. Enderna, (Br.) Morrison, Sydney.
Sept. 5—Steamship Northerner, Raaciali, Benicia.
Bark Mortgonery, Folger, Sandwich Islands.
Bark Suhote, Demkukton, New-York.
Bark Arza, Iris, Coffin, Sandwich Islands.
Sept. 9—Ship Henbury, (Br.) Clark, Hong Kong.
Bark Petrel, (Br.) Blackburn, Sydney and Hobartown.
Bark Adelande, (Peruv.) Moore, Hong Kong.
Schr. Emily Frances, Freeman, Sandwich Islands.
Schr. Emily Frances, Freeman, Sandwich Islands.
Schr. Park Read, Kidder, Sacramento City.
Sept. 10—Ship, Raduga, Cook, Shanghae.
Ship Architect, Casper, Sydney.
Schr. James Frankin, Taylor, Sandwich Islands.
Sept. 11—Steamer Ohio, Haley, San Diego.
Brig Motellam, Michelian, Benicia.
Schr. Victoria, Drinkwater, Stockton.
Sept. 12—Ship Witcheratt, Kogers, Shanghae.
Ship Shooting Star, Baker, Shanghae.
Ship Shooting Star, Baker, Shanghae.
Schr. Parakin, Ames, Sacramento City.
Sloop M. L. Freeman, Freeman, San Diego.

Memoranda.

Rebort of the schr. Fides, fm. Tahita.—Whaleship John, of Providence, (nil, bound home in 4 ds.; whaleship Massachusetts, 33 mes ont, 800 bbls, sp., bound home, her captain Sick; whaleship Atkins, Adams, Fish, 3 mes, out, 300 bbls, recruiting. At Huahem, schr. Julius Pringle, to sail an a fortinght, schr. Harp, and stooped war St. Mary's, had sailed for the Feeiers.

Report of schr. Sarah Abgad, fm. Pugett Sound.—Brig. Susser, to sail in 1 ds.; also, brigs John Davis and Franklin Adams, to sail in 1 ds.; also, brigs John Davis and Franklin Adams, to sail in 1 ds.; also, brigs John Davis and Franklin Adams, to sail in 1 week, with salmon and oil. Experienced very heavy weather fm. S. K for about 7 ds.

Report of schr. Mathew Vasser, fm. Astoria.—Steamer Sea Golf was going in the River. Bark Desdemona had sailed for Sandwich Islands. Barks Mary Melville and Success, burg Appa E. Manne, Francisco Tarquino, and Leenessa, were all loading for San Francisco. Bark Golden Are was loading with piles for Calcutta.

Aug.—, bat 35 23 N., ion 141 46, sinp American Facket, ion is fin. London for San Francisco.

July 11, lat 39 46 N., ion. 72 18 W., ship Eagle, from New-York for San Francisco.

Per Curlew—in lat 39 10, ion. 131 20, ship John Wells, of New-Bedford, from the Arctic, bound to the Sandwich Islands to repair, badly damaged in the ice.

Per Eugent — Aug. 134 11, lat 47 S., ion. 20 W., Spanish ship Perseverance, bound to Valparaiso.

Per Eugenia—Aug. 11, lat 15 9 8 N., ion. 122 12 W., bark Somerset, from San Francisco for Valparaiso.

Kong Air, at do. 12th, schrs. John Allyne, Osborne, San Fran-cisco; Monticello. Regers, fm. do.; 16th, E. L. Frost, Hempstead, do. Gazelle, (Am.) Stoddard, fm. do. Cild July 17, Am. schr. Menticello, Rogers, for Hono-

Hempstead, do.; Gazelle, (Am.) Stoddard, fin. do.
Cid. July 17, Am. schr. Menticello, Rogers, for HonoIulu.
HONOLULU—Arr. July 18, Am. back Magnelia, Merree, 12 ds. fm. San Francisco; 19th, Br. schr. William and
James, Gray, 25 ds. fm. Tahiti, Haw. brigantine Wilhelnine, Malteno, 58 days from Hone Kong. 22d. H. B. M.
frucate Portland, Prevost, fm. Vancouver's Island; H. B.
M. brig Swoft, Aldham, 6 mos, 47 ds. fm. Panama, 22d,
Am. ship Correa, Preatiss, 17 ds. fm. San Francisco; Am.
schr. Colonel Fanning, Catheart, 14 ds. fm. do. 20th, Am.
ship Sea N. moh. Hall, 12 ds. fm. do. Br. brigantine, Debornh, Chaik, 14 ds. fm. do.
Arr. July 28, lark Ocean (Fr.) Pousson, 18 ds. fm. San
Francisco; 29th, ship J. N. Cooper, Flitzer, 14 ds. fm. do.
Aug. 6, ship North Star. (Br.) Palmer, 17 ds. fm. do., bark
Christiana, (Hm.) Hasted, 190 ds. fm. Hone Kong, 7th, ship
Flavius, Rogerts, 32 ds. fm. do. schr. George Washington,
Candage, 14 ds. fm. San Francisco; 9th, ship Malvina Casar,
(Fr.) Chatelain, 15 ds. fm. San Francisco; schr. John
Allyne, Hammond, fm. Laisaina, bark Eugkrosyne, (Br.)
Barras, 14 ds. fm. San Francisco;
Cid. July 19, Br. ship Constant Cosuns, for San Francisco; Russ bark Sitka, Weckman, for Hong-Kong; Am.
McFarlane, for Marquasas; 22d. Hanov brigantine Lina,
McFarlane, for San Francisco; Am. Ship, Edgar, Smith, for San Francisco; Ath, Fr. bark
Courser, Batavia, 18th, Er. bark Lima, Yule, Sydney;
Sth., Ship Janet, Crowell, Westgort, Mass. Br. schr.
William and James, Gray, Sydney; Aug. 2, ship Mary &
Adeline, Caicutta; thi, schr. Monacelle, Rogers, Tahe;
Br. schr. Adventurer, Baker, Sydney; Aug. 2, ship Mary
Adeline, Caicutta; thi, schr. Monacelle, Rogers, Tahe;
Br. schr. Adventurer, Baker, Sydney; Rh., Haw, bea, Wilhelmine, King. Manian Cessar, Coalelam, Batavia, 14th,
ship J. N. Cooper, Fixner; 16th, Br. bark Artenisa, Ridlev, Amov

ship J. N. Cooper, Figure 1 6th, 187 mars. Arcon Fanning, lev. Amov.
In port Aug 12—Ship Corea, Prentiss; sehr, Col. Fanning, Catheart, Brirg Deborah, Chalk; Br. bark Mary, Wilder, Brem sehr Hermann Louis, Haesloop, Br. bark Mahommed Shah, McMeisan, Haw sehr Nahiemaena, Brackwood, 8 guns, Harm ship Makina, Both, sing Coichis, Skillings bark Wm. H. Shaller, Gerham, brag Gen. Worth, Skillings bark Wm. H. Shaller, Gerham, brag Gen. Worth, Start, Palmer; Ham. back Christiana, Hastedt; ship Flavius, Rogers; schr. G. Washington, Candage.

FROM THE ISTHMUS.

Great Robbery-Murders and Arrests. The full particulars of the robbery of the

ma Star of Sept. 22.

Information reached this city on Saturday, that the Great Specie Train of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, which left the city, under guard, about 9 o'clock in the morning, had been attacked and robbed by a gang of robbers, and three of the guard kidled. The news flew like electricity through the city, and in less than hour, several gentlemen, among whom were Mr. Hurtado. of the house of Mosquera, Hurtado & Co., and Capt. C. K. Garrison, of the house of Garrison & Fretz, together with His Excellency Governor Diaz, and some fifty or sixty National Guard, started out in pursuit of the robbers.

After riding out about seven miles. Captain Garri-son and his friends came up with the train, which had stopped and was in the wildest state of confusion. Three of the Guard had been shot during the attack, by the robbers.

These were taken and tied, and carried back to the train. Here it was proposed to hang them at our Arrangements were accordingly made for that pe-pose—the ropes were procured and a tree selectal

train. Here it was proposed to anne them at each Arrangements were accordingly made for that pepose—the ropes were procured and a tree selectation the purpose.

One of the men, a young man from the city of New York, whose name is Thomas Summers, was the taken to the tree, a repe was adjusted round he meck, and he was told if he had anything to say, he could say it. He berged for his life, and stated the he wentle make a full confession and disclosure if was spared. Capt, Carrison informed him that upse condition of his confession, and making full disclosure of the whole plot, giving the names of all the persons engaged in it, and all the particulars relative a the attack, etc. The rope was then taken from hancek, and he was tied and placed under strong guar. The company next took the other man, who is as intelligent negro, also from New-York City, name! Charles Cromwell, and after informing him that he was about to die, cautomed him, if he desired to say anything, to speak nothing but the truth. A rope was adjusted about his nick, and he was taken to another tree on the opposite side of the hill. He supposed his companion had been hung. Arriving at the tree, he made a confession, and begged hard for his lite.—After his confession, and begged hard for his lite, he made a confession, he was run up, and kept supended about ten minutes, when, the Governor's given being announced, some one ran up and out the rope, and he fell to the ground senseless, but an dead! In the course of half an hour he recovered, and, as the presence of his Excellency, the Governor, rendered it highly unproper to pursue their original determination, the party ordered him to be tie and placed under guard.

In the capture of this man, the guard found the greatest difficulty, and he was not, taken unit; musket was broken over his head, which felled his to the ground.

Conversion.

CONFESSION.

to the ground.

CONVESSION.

The man, Thomas Summers, states that he is from the City of New York. He has been in Panassome considerable time, has been employed as he keeper and runner at the Panama and Wester Hotels. The robbing of the great specie train we concocted during the past week. The parties learned that there were \$2,000,000 in the train, and they made arrangements to attack it and rob it of as much as they could carry away. For this purpose, they we chased arms, run bullets, and procured backing and the whole party consisting of seven, who camed the whole party consisting of seven, who camed below, left the city on Friday evening. By proceeded out about seven miles, where they exampled during the night. Early in the morning he set their watch and waited until the train emploned about 10 clock they saw, from their ambies, the train approaching, and after waiting until apertion of it had passed, they rushed out and fired up the guard. In endeavoring to make their escape with one box of gold, which they cut from a male himself and the black man, Cromwell, were caught and the rest of the party made their escape, on for, in the surrounding woods.

ARRIVAL OF THE FRISONERS.

The appearance of the prisoners indicated a sun of utter hopelessness. They were cast down ed despairing, particularly the man Summers. It looked the very picture of shame, guilt and dean Cromwell labored under some pain from the bles on his head from the misket, when captured, guilt from the effects of strangulation, when hung. It though his head was bound up with a handkerchief, the hand can't be seen earing from the wound as

prison.)
Charles Cromwell, (black) from New-York Cay (new in prison)
Dr. Berry, of New-Orleans, (has a wife in Sm

Schr. Enigerfor, Miner, Sacramento City.
Schr. Finderma. (Br. Mortsons, Sythey.
Sept. 8-Steamship Northerner, Road Li, Reucia.
Bark Mortgonsery, Polger, Sand such Islands.
Schr. E. G. Hiembury, Bernel (Br. Blackburn, Sydney and Hobarttown.
Bark Adendale, (Peruy, Moore, Hong Kong.
Schr. Emily Frances, Freeman, Sandwich Islands.
Schr. Mark Read, Kidder, Sacramento City.
Sept. 11—Ship Raduga, Cook, Shanshae.
Schr. James Frankiin, Taylor, Sandwich Islands.
Sept. 11—Ship Raduga, Cook, Shanshae.
Schr. James Frankiin, Taylor, Sandwich Islands.
Sept. 11—Sham McLellan, Benicia.
Schr. Victoria, Dinik water, Stockton.
Sept. 13—Ship Mitcherait, Rogers, Shinghae.
Ship Breinner, Freeman, San Diego.

Brig McLellan, McLellan, Benicia.
Schr. Victoria, Dinik water, Stockton.
Sept. 13—Ship Mitcherait, Rogers, Shinghae.
Ship Shoming Star, Baker, Shanghae.
Schr. Pirankiin, Ames, Sacramento City.
Sloop M. L. Freeman, Freeman, San Diego.

'Memoranda.

Rebort of the schr. Fides, fin. Tahita.—Whaleship John.
of Proyedence, full, bound home in 44 sk.; whaleship Athis, Adams, Schr. Julius Fringle, to sail in Start, Whaleship Athis, Adams, Schr. Julius Fringle, to sail in Start, Shanghi, Schr. Harp, and slooped-warst Marys, shat anied for the Feejex.
Report of schr. Sarah, Abigail, ful. Pugett Sound.—Brig.
Shanghar, to sail in Index of the Schr. Sarah, Abigail, ful. Pugett Sound.—Brig.
Sen Golf was going far Markew War. Bark Deademon had sailed for Sane Francisco. Bark Golden.

Spoken.
Per Flving Claud—July Island. Bark Mar: Melville and Success. ware all leading for San Francisco. Bark Golden.

Spoken.
Per Flving Claud—July Island. Bark Mar: Melville and Success. ware all leading for San Francisco. Bark Golden.

Spoken.
Per Flving Claud—July Island. Share share and the start of the schr. Sarah Abigail of the Sarah Abigail of the Sarah Abigail of the

Dr. Burt or Burke is unknown, or, at least, we have,

The five men who are still at large, will not, cannot escape. Every avenue of escape has been coff, or if it has not, it will be, so that escape is impossible. A strong force has gone to Cruces, another to Gorgoma, and if another has not gone up the coat to take their station on the road to Chorrars, there should be a force sent at once for that purpose.

We cannot conclude without expressing, in behalf of the whole community, their undivided thanks for the prompt, energetic and efficient action take by his Excellency, Gov. Diaz, and the other public authorities and the private citizens, in making the arrests, and adopting the means of bringing the other perpetrators to justice.

WEST INDIES.

We have received our Kingston, (Jam.) files to the 11th inst. The news is not important. Jamaica.

A fracas of an unprecedented nature took place in the town of Port-Royal on Thursday, 5th October. It appears that the origin of this disturbance was through a gunner and driver of the Royal Artillery, who had made use of obscene and improper expressions before Mr. Morton's door, and Constable Gillespie took him in charge.

This, as it appears, was the cause of this military affray: A constable branch Bradshaw was whipped by the military five men took off their belts and gave him a good drubbing, and he would have beer worse treated had it not been for the assistance of Mr. Robert Goldson, master pilot, who used means to frustrate the ends of the assailants. A machiled Kessop has been stabbed in four or fore pare of his head and body. A woman called Mary Dixon has been stabbed in the arm. A man called Bull was likewise stabbed in the nose, and given in charge by a sergeant of artillery.

There are still scattering cases of Cholera in different

ent parts of the Island.

Barbades.

His Excellency Sir William Colebrooks

His Excellency Sir William Colebrooke, accompanied by Miss Colebrooke and Lieuteness Foreman, departed from Barbados on the 13th ultim the homeward bound steamer. His Excellence went on board privately early in the day. In consequence of bad weather, the Council was unable to meet on that day, pursuant to adjournment, for the purpose of swearing in his Excellence Lieutenant-Governor Hamilton, who, as our reades are aware, is appointed to the government of Barbados during the temporary absence of Sir William Colebrooke. The Council was, however, specially

Capt. Woodward arrived here on Saturday evening from Salt Lake, britgaing the mail. He also brings important intelligence in regard to several attacks made by Indians, on different points of his journey from here to Great Salt Lake City, and on his return from thence.

The following is a detailed account:
On the 18th July, between the head of the Humboldt and Goose Greek, Capt. Woodward, who was ahead of his party about ten miles, was attacked and fired at, within thirty yards, by two Indians with tains the rains were more severe, so much so that the tributaries of the Sacramento were swollen over a foot, and the force of the water was so great in some instances as to sweep off dams which were stock would cause a decline.

McLasses—Quite nominal.

Nails—Plenty, and sales moderate.

Olls—In fair demand.

Provisions—Hame have improved materally, and may cause a better feeling in Perk; but the stock of it so heavy and the demand so light that it would take. but partially completed.

We are rejoiced to hear, however, that no material damage has as yet been done; but if the equinoctial

From Trinidad.

barttown. In San Francisco, Sept. 9, after an illness of two weeks, Reuben Rynders, aged about 40 years, formerly of New-

Since the last steamer, a good many goods have been sold, but sellers being authors to realize, no important change in the most of articles can be noted.

Ackingtrant implements being generally out of season, but little doing.

Boors any Stors—We are perfectly satisfied, if any one package should arrive for the next twelve months, the interests of both shippers and the trade generally would be promoted.

Promoted.

BITARSTUFFS—Since our last, it has become so evident that we can expect no important supplies from any quarter, and the stock here being reduced to about a supply equal to the consumption for about miner days, that proces have risen, and the market has an upward tendency at valparass, but hittle is doing. Prices of Wheat and Flour very high, and what is shapping is for Sydney. At their prices Flour could not be laid down at our present rates by existerable. We have had quite an expert demand, but our small stock will not adont of further croputs, without materially enhancing the prices, and the dividing of the stock among so many different decisions are tolerably plenty. Barleys is improving.

Barleys—It is quite uncertain how to advise in regard to this article, they will without doubt be an article of very large consumption, but the attention of a good many is drawn to their manufacture on quite an extensive scale, and we think that no very large prices can be expected the future on the ordinary qualities, while fine Philadelphia and Baltimore face may yet do very well.

BLANKETS are doing better. We think the stock moderate, and that prices will advance.

COFFEE is heavy of sale. Stock alundant.

CEMENT and LINE in fair request.

CANUES—This article looks better, but it would require a rise of 30 % cent to make them worth shipping.

CLOALS are firmer.

DOMESTIC and other Dry Goods are in some demand, but on the whole pay no profit. We think however, the stock is not heavy.

DRUGS and DYES—It is analy for articles that become sud-

not heavy.
DRUGS AND DRES—It is only for articles that become sud-

Dendant
Liquons—The stock has materially increased, and the
over grades are very pleaty.
LEATHER—Very dult.
LEATHER—Very dult.
LEATHER—There has been more firmness in the market,
and crices are tretty steady.
METALS—Only sell as wanting, and any great increase of
tock would cause a decline.

LAHAINA, S. L.-Arr. July 28, bark. Harmony, Bailey, fm. San Francisco, waiting cargo oil and bones to the U.S., Aug. 3, ship Margaretta, (Br.) D. Bailey, do., bound Hone Kong.

Specie Train on the Isthmus, are given in The Pana-

Three of the Guard had been shot during the attack, by the robbers, and were lying by the road-side. Two of them were shot in the breast and the third in the legs. The two shot in the breast were dying, and the other was badly wounded. The robbers succeeded in securing one box of gold dust, with which they made off into the woods, but the box being heavy and they being closely and hotly pursued by the reenforced parties coming up to the train, they were obliged to abandon it, and make their escape. In attempting to do this two of them were captured?

in the surrounding woods

ARRIVAL OF THE PRISONERS.

Yesterday, about 11 o'clock, his Excellency, Gor.
Diaz, accompanied by Messrs. Hurtado and J. Pasheaded an escort of troops who had in chargether two prisoners, Summers and Cromwell, and armed in this city. The prisoners were well and strong guarded, having their arms pinioned behind the backs, and a file of solders on each side. A tope passed from each prisoner into the hands of guarded in the rear. Thus, they were met by upward of a thousand of our citizens who accompanied they down to the prison where they were taken and lockstup.

the blood could be seen oozing from the wound and the marks of the rope were visible on his neck NAMES OF THE ROBBER-GANG.

Thomas Summers, from New-York City (now in

was regarded by all who knew him to be an house, prudent, industrious and thriving young man, and from an intimate personal knowledge of him, were cord with pain and unusual regret the circumstance of his disgrace and infamy, which, if he is caught must, most certainly, eventuate in an ignominate death.

death!

Dr. Burt or Burke is unknown, or, at least, we hare, as yet, been unable to obtain any information in regard to him. Mirerand and Diagnout are believed to be assumed names, as upon careful and pretty general inquiry, we cannot find any of our citizens who know of such persons.

DEATH or exist or the GUARD!—One of the Guard who was shot by the robbers died yesterday morning on the road, near the scene of the robbery. It is said that before his death thirty-six buck-shot were laken from his body! His corpse was brought into the city about noon, and conveyed to his late residence.

The other guard who was shot in the breast cannot live, if he is alive at this time. The other, being wounded in the legs only, it is supposed is not he danger.

These are the orincipal facts, as we have gathered them from different sources; to Capt C. K. Garrison we are indebted for the principal portion of them.

It is said that, in the disclosures made by the principal seemed proper to keep from the public for the present. All we have to say, is, that the determines spirit of the good portion of our citizens will be speedily manifested, in bringing all to punishness who have in any way aided and abetted in this day of the above haw been engaged.

The five men who are still at large, will not, cap not escape. Every avenue of escape has been esofs, or if it has not, it will be, so that escape is into

There are still scattering cases of Cholera in differ-